

UJIAN AKHIR SEMESTER

Mata Kuliah: Bahasa Inggris

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Passage 1 (Questions 1-2)

Fort Knox, Kentucky, is the site of a U.S. army post, but it is even more renowned for the Fort Knox Bullion Depository, the massive vault that contains the bulk of the U.S. government's gold deposits. Completed in 1936, the vault is housed in a two-story building constructed of granite, steel, and concrete; the vault itself is made of steel and concrete and has a door that weighs more than twenty tons. Naturally, the most up-to-date security devices available are in place at Fort Knox, and the army post nearby provides further protection.

1. Which of the following best describes the topic of the passage?
 - a. The city Fort Knox, Kentucky
 - b. The federal gold depository
 - c. The U.S. army post at Fort Knox
 - d. Gold bullion
2. Which of the following would be the best title for this passage?
 - a. The Massive Concrete Vault
 - b. Fort Knox Security
 - c. Where The United States keeps Its Gold
 - d. A Visit to U.S. Army Post

Passage 2 (Questions 3-4)

Hurricanes generally occur in the North Atlantic from May through November, with the peak of the hurricane season in September; only rarely will they occur from December through April in that part of the ocean. The main reason for the occurrence of hurricanes during this period is that the temperature on the water's surface is at its warmest and the humidity of the air is at its highest.

Of the tropical storms that occur each year in the North Atlantic, only about five, on the average, are powerful enough to be called hurricanes. To be classified as a hurricane, a tropical storm must have winds reaching speeds of at least 117 kilometers per hour, but the winds are often much stronger than that; the winds of intense hurricanes can easily surpass 240 kilometers per hour.

3. The passage mainly discusses
 - a. how many hurricanes occur each year
 - b. the strength of hurricanes
 - c. the weather in the North Atlantic
 - d. hurricanes in one part of the world
4. The best title for this passage would be
 - a. The North Atlantic Ocean
 - b. Storms of the Northern Atlantic
 - c. Hurricanes: The Damage and Destruction
 - d. What Happens from may through November

Passage 3 (Questions 5-10)

Jakarta, Indonesia's capital, is also a city renowned in history. Under its former Dutch name of Batavia, it was a major trading port of the east for several centuries. Jakarta today is a metropolis of more than seven million people with modern shopping centers, hotels and industry.

Jakarta's nightlife and shopping are described as 'the best kept secret in Asia'. An array of modern nightclubs and discotheques are open till all hours. Its many shopping centers are stocked with a wide variety of goods, from local art and handicraft, electronic equipment, garments, jewelry, etc. at very competitive prices. There are also many top class hotels and restaurants in Jakarta providing international cuisine as well as a variety of Indonesian, Chinese, Japanese and European food.

The city is home to Taman Mini, a vast complex of Indonesia in Miniature; and Ancol, a sophisticated amusement park. Pasar Seni (the art market) is also situated in Ancol, where artists sit at work and a wide variety of carvings, paintings and marble, wood, brass and leather souvenirs can be bought at reasonable prices.

5. This text tells us about
- Jakarta now and in the past
 - Jakarta with its various facilities
 - Jakarta as the best kept-secret in Asia
 - Jakarta's nightlife and its shopping centers
6. Jakarta in the past is well known as...
- the home of more than seven million people
 - a metropolitan city
 - a city with various facilities
 - a main port where transaction took place
7. The passage mention a variety of items we can find in Jakarta's shopping centers, EXCEPT
- gold jewelry
 - handicraft
 - beauty product
 - electronic devices
8. Which food is NOT stated in the second paragraph?
- Chinese food.
 - American food.
 - European food.
 - Indonesian food.
9. Which of the following sentences is TRUE?
- Jakarta has less than seven million people.
 - Weaving is one of the skills displayed at the art market.
 - Nightclubs and discotheques are just open at certain hours.
 - International cuisine is available at top class restaurants.
10. Which statement is NOT true?
- Carvings and paintings can be bought in the complex of Taman Mini
 - Batavia was the name of Jakarta during the occupation.
 - Ancol is famous for its sophisticated amusement park.
 - Taman Mini is located at a very large complex

Passage 4 (Questions 11-20)

Rearrange the jumbled letters into the correct words. The first letter of each word is already supplied as a hint.

Problems Associated With High Population Growth

Population growth in both underdeveloped and developed nations can cause an array of problems. These problems typically include deficiencies in health care programs, lack of resources and pollution.

(11) *M-u-n-i-r-l-o-i-n-a-i-t* and disease are concerns that must be addressed by regions that experience high population growth. Even in developed nations such as the United States, poor, displaced or elderly citizens are unable to receive access to sufficient health care. In highly (12) *p-a-d-p-e-t-o-l-u* urban areas of these developed nations, just as much as in third world nations, diseases can easily spread when people are residing in close quarters.

Land, one of nature's most valuable resources, may suffer soil (13) *e-s-o-r-n-o-i* as a result of overgrazing and the unwise use of farming techniques. Scarce resources may also include food, water, access to adequate health care and even educational opportunities. Wise allocation of resources through social circumscription measures may lighten such problems as they are experienced within dense populations.

Issues such as air pollution stemming from (14) *i-s-i-r-a-d-n-u-l* activity, waterborne infections carried through unsanitary drinking water, and mismanagement of solid waste plague densely populated areas of the world. Major cities with high populations create a significant amount of



introductions
enriches
people

pollution through factory waste and (15) *a-m-i-t-u-l-o-e-b-o* emissions. In the absence of sufficient regulation, environmentalists claim that these cities severely damage the earth's atmosphere. By contrast, underdeveloped regions with dense populations can cause damage to the earth's soil via groundwater pollution or crude farming techniques.

Now, state whether these following statements are True (T) or False (F)

16. The increase in the number of inhabitants brings a lot of negative impacts.
17. People living in densely populated areas usually have adequate access of health care.
18. Farming activity will not harm land as long as people are aware of wise farming techniques.
19. Drinking water can be a source of disease when the hygiene isn't maintained well.
20. Factory waste and emissions of vehicles don't have a big role in the increase of air pollution.